

Safety Data Sheet P-4646

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.Issue date: 01/01/1984Revision date: 02/07/2022Supersedes: 11/30/2021Version: 1.2

SECTION: 1. Product and compa	ny identification
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Substance
Trade name	: Liquefied Petroleum Gas
CAS-No.	: 74-98-6
Formula	: C3H8
Other means of identification	: Propane, Liquefied Petroleum Gas, n-propane,dimethylmethane,propyl hydride, refrigerant gas R290
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/mixture	: Industrial use; Use as directed.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	ifety data sheet
	Linde Inc. 10 Riverview Drive Danbury, CT 06810-6268, USA www.lindeus.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: Onsite Emergency: 1-800-645-4633 CHEMTREC. 24hr/dav 7davs/week
	— Within USA: 1-800-424-9300, Outside USA: 001-703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted, Contract 17729)
SECTION 2: Hazard identification	n
2.1. Classification of the substance	or mixture
GHS US classification	
Flam. Gas 1 H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) H280 Simple asphyxiant SIAS	
2.2. Label elements	
GHS US labeling	
Hazard pictograms (GHS US)	
Signal word (CHS LIS)	GHS02 GHS04
Hazard statements (GHS US)	: H220 - EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS H280 - CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED OSHA-H01 - MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION. CGA-HG01 - MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE. CGA-HG04 - MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	 P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P271+P403 - Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated place. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P377 - LEAKING GAS FIRE: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.
EN (English US)	SDS ID: P-4646 1/10



Propane Sofety Data Sheet P-4646

		This SDS conforms to U.S.	Code of Federal	Regulations 29	CFR 1910 1200 Hazard Communication
1	Linde	Issue date: 01/01/1984	Revision date	: 02/07/2022	Supersedes: 11/30/2021 Version: 1.2
		P381 - Elimina P302, P336, P area Get imm P304, P340, P breathing. Ge CGA-PG05 - L CGA-PG10 - L CGA-PG10 - C CGA-PG06 - C CGA-PG02 - F	te all ignition sou 315 - IF ON SKIN rediate medical ar 313 - IF INHALEI t medical advice/a Jse a back flow pr Jse only with equi Do not open valve Close valve after e Rever put cylinder Protect from sunlig	rces if safe to do I: Thaw frosted dvice/attention. D: Remove pers attention. reventive device pment rated for until connected each use and wh s into unventilat ght when ambier	o so. barts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected on to fresh air and keep comfortable for in the piping. cylinder pressure. to equipment prepared for use. en empty. ed areas of passenger vehicles. tt temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).
2.3.	Other hazards				
		No additional i	nformation availal	ble	
2.4.	Unknown acute toxicity	(GHS US)			
		No data availa	ble		
SECT	FION 3: Composition/I	nformation on ingredie	nts		
3.1.	Substances				
Nam	e	Product ident	ifier %	/o	
Propa	ne	(CAS-No.) 74-98-	6 1	00	
(Main d	constituent)				
3.2.	Mixtures				
Not ap	plicable				
SECT	FION 4: First aid meas	ures			
4.1.	Description of first aid n	neasures			
First-ai First-ai	d measures after inhalation d measures after skin contac	: Remove to fre give artificial re physician. t : Adverse effect liquid, immedia temperature sl or until normal exposure rem	sh air and keep a espiration. If breat s not expected fro ately warm frostbi nould be tolerable coloring and sen ove clothing while	t rest in a position hing is difficult, on this product. te area with war to normal skin. sation have retu a showering with	In comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, irained personnel should give oxygen. Call a The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to m water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes rned to the affected area. In case of massive warm water. Seek medical evaluation and
First-ai	d measures after eye contact	treatment as s t : The liquid may minutes. Hold flushed thorou	oon as possible. cause frostbite. I the eyelids open ghly. Contact an	mmediately flus and away from t ophthalmologist	h eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 he eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are immediately. Get immediate medical attention.
First-ai	d measures after ingestion	: Ingestion is no	t considered a po	tential route of e	exposure.
4.2.	Most important symptor	ns and effects, both acute an	d delayed		
		No additional i	nformation availal	ble	
4.3.	Indication of any immed	liate medical attention and sp	ecial treatment	needed	
None.					
SECI	CION 5: Firefighting m				
5.1	Extinguishing media	casares			
Suitabl	e extinguishing media	: Carbon dioxide	e, dry chemical po	wder, water so	av. fog
5 0	Creatial hazarda ariaing	from the substance or mixtur			ay, iog.
Fire ha	izard	: EXTREMELY flames. Flamr Vapors can be equipment, sta point. Explosi check the atm	FLAMMABLE GA nable vapors may ignited by pilot lig tic discharge, or ve atmospheres n osphere with an a	S. If venting or la spread from lea ghts, other flame other ignition so nay linger. Befo ppropriate device	eaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish ak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. as, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical urces at locations distant from product handling re entering an area, especially a confined area, as.
Explos	ion hazard	: EXTREMELY	FLAMMABLE GA	S. Forms explos	sive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.
EN (Er	nglish US)		SDS ID: P-464	6	2/



Firefighting instructions

Specific methods

Other information

Reactivity

5.3.

Propane

Safety Data Sheet P-4646 This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication. Issue date: 01/01/1984 Revision date: 02/07/2022 Supersedes: 11/30/2021 Version: 1.2 : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below. Advice for firefighters : DANGER! Flammable, liquefied gas. Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156 and applicable standards under 29 CFR 1910 Subpart L-Fire Protection. Protection during firefighting : Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen. Special protective equipment for fire fighters Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters. : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems. Stop flow of product if safe to do so. Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible. Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.).

SECTI	ON 6: Accidental release measu	Ires		
6.1.	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures			
General	measures	Danger: Flammable, liquefied gas. FORMS EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. Immediately evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. Remove all sources of ignition if safe to do so. Reduce vapors with fog or fine water spray, taking care not to spread liquid with water. Shut off flow if safe to do so. Ventilate area or move container to a well-ventilated area. Flammable vapors may spread from leak and could explode if reignited by sparks or flames. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering area, especially confined areas, check atmosphere with an appropriate device.		
6.1.1.	For non-emergency personnel	No additional information available		
6.1.2.	For emergency responders			
		No additional information available		
6.2.	Environmental precautions			
		Try to stop release. Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water pollution. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.		
6.3.	Methods and material for containmen	t and cleaning up		
		No additional information available		
6.4.	Reference to other sections			
		See also sections 8 and 13.		

SDS ID: P-4646



Safety Data Sheet P-4646 This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.

	Scinue	Issue date: 01/01/1984	Revision date: 02/07/2022	Supersedes: 11/30/2021	Version: 1.2
SECT	ION 7: Handling and s	torage			
7.1.	Precautions for safe hand	lling			
Precaut	tions for safe handling	: Keep away fro smoking. Use Wear leather s physical dama removable val protect the val truck, etc.) des pry bar) into c adjustable stra valve is hard t after each use any part of the pressure relief in using this p	m heat, hot surfaces, sparks, op only non-sparking tools. Use or safety gloves and safety shoes w ige; do not drag, roll, slide or drop ve cover. Never attempt to lift a ve. When moving cylinders, eve signed to transport cylinders. Ne ap openings; doing so may dama p wrench to remove over-tight o o open, discontinue use and com ; keep closed even when empty. container. High temperatures m device to fail prematurely, ventir roduct, see section 16.	en flames and other ignition s hy explosion-proof equipment hen handling cylinders. Prote b. While moving cylinder, alw cylinder by its cap; the cap is n for short distances, use a c ver insert an object (e.g, wrer age the valve and cause a lea r rusted caps. Slowly open th tact your supplier. Close the Never apply flame or localiz- nay damage the container and ng the container contents. For	ources. No ect cylinders from ays keep in place intended solely to art (trolley, hand tch, screwdriver, k. Use an le valve. If the container valve ed heat directly to d could cause the or other precautions
7.2.	Conditions for safe storage	ge, including any incompati	bilities		
Storage	e conditions	: Store only who Flames" signs packages and codes and red according to re- secure contain protection cap and empty cor containers for OTHER PREC under pressur be encountere piping. Gases adequate vent safe and envir state/provincia become part of	ere temperature will not exceed 1 in storage and use areas. There protect against potential fire and uirements (e.g, NFPA 30, NFPA equirements determined by the A hers upright to keep them from fa , if provided, firmly in place by ha tainers separately. Use a first-in long periods. For other precaution CAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, ST e, use piping and equipment ade d. Never work on a pressurized s can cause rapid suffocation beca ilation. If a leak occurs, close the onmentally correct manner in con al, and local laws; then repair the f an electrical circuit.	25°F (52°C). Post "No Smoki must be no sources of ignitic /or explosion damage followin 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 2 ,uthority Having Jurisdiction (, ling or being knocked over. Ii nd when the container is not , first-out inventory system to ons in using this product, see TORAGE, AND USE: When h quately designed to withstand system. Use a back flow prev ause of oxygen deficiency; sto e container valve and blow do mpliance with all international leak. Never place a container	ng/No Open n. Separate 1g appropriate 121 in the U.S.) or AHJ). Always nstall valve in use. Store full prevent storing full section 16. andling product d the pressures to entive device in the ore and use with wn the system in a l, federal/national, r where it may
7.3.	Specific end use(s)				
		None.			

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 0. Exposure c					
3.1. Control parameters					
Propane (74-98-6)					
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [1]	1800 mg/m³			
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [2]	1000 ppm			
USA IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	2100 ppm (10% LEL)			
ACGIH	Not established				

8.2.	Exposure controls		
Appro	priate engineering controls	: An explosion-proof local exhaust system or a mechanical system is acceptable if it can prevent oxygen deficiency and keep hazardous fumes and gases below all applicable exposure limits in the worker's breathing area. During welding, ensure that there is adequate ventilation to keep worker exposure below applicable limits for fumes, gases, and other by-products of welding. Do not breathe fumes or gases. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes, or may cause other similar discomfort.	
Eye p	rotection	: Wear safety glasses when handling cylinders; vapor-proof goggles and a face shield during cylinder changeout or whenever contact with product is possible. Select eye protection in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.	
	nation LIC)	CDC ID: D. 4646	A / A



Propane Safety Data Sheet P-4646

Linde	This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication. Issue date: 01/01/1984 Revision date: 02/07/2022 Supersedes: 11/30/2021 Version: 1.2
Skin and body protection	: As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as well as substantial clothing. Wear work gloves and metatarsal shoes for cylinder handling. Protective equipment where needed. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, 1910.136, and 1910.138.
Respiratory protection	: When workplace conditions warrant respirator use, follow a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2, or MSHA 30 CFR 72.710 (where applicable). Use an air-supplied or air-purifying cartridge if the action level is exceeded. Ensure that the respirator has the appropriate protection factor for the exposure level. If cartridge type respirators are used, the cartridge must be appropriate for the chemical exposure. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Thermal hazard protection	: Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.
Other information	: Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing. Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and che	emical properties
Physical state	Gas
Appearance	Colorless gas.
Molecular mass	: 44 g/mol
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Stenchant often added. Sweetish.
Odor threshold	No data available
рН	Not applicable.
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	Not applicable.
Melting point	No data available
Freezing point	: -187.69 °C (-305.8°F)
Boiling point	: -42.1 °C (-44.32°F)
Flash point	: -104.4 °C (-155.2°F) TCC
Critical temperature	: 96.8 °C (206°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: 450 °C (842°F)
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: 2.1 – 9.5 vol %
Vapor pressure	: 8.58 bar (109.73 psig)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	No data available
Relative density	0.58
Density	: 0.506 – 0.583 g/cm³ (at 15 °C)
Relative gas density	: 1.5
Solubility	: Water: 75 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.36
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	Not applicable.
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	None.
Explosion limits	No data available
9.2. Other information	
Gas group	Press. Gas (Liq.)



Safety Data Sheet P-4646 This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication. Issue date: 01/01/1984 Revision date: 02/07/2022 Supersedes: 11/30/2021 Version: 1.2

Additional information

: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

SECTI	ON 10: Stability and reactivity	
SECH	ON TO. Stability and reactivity	
10.1.	Reactivity	
		No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
10.2.	Chemical stability	
		Stable under normal conditions.
10.3.	Possibility of hazardous reactions	
		Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.
10.4.	Conditions to avoid	
		Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
10.5.	Incompatible materials	
		Chlorine dioxide. Oxidizing agents.
10.6.	Hazardous decomposition products	
		Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and hydrogen. The welding and cutting process may form reaction products such as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Other decomposition products of normal operation originate from the volatilization, reaction, or oxidation of the material being worked.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Not classified
Propane (\f)74-98-6	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	> 800000 ppm (Exposure time: 15 min)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified

SECH	ON 12: Ecological information	
12.1.	Toxicity	
Ecology	- general	: No ecological damage caused by this product.
12.2.	Persistence and degradability	

Propane (74-98-6)			
Persistence and degradability	The substance is biodegradable. Unlikely to persist.		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Propane (74-98-6)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.36		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not applicable.		
EN (English US)	SDS ID: P-4646	6/10	



Safety Data Sheet P-4646 This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication. Revision date: 02/07/2022 Issue date: 01/01/1984 Supersedes: 11/30/2021 Version: 1.2

Propane (74-98-6)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Propane (74-98-6)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.
12.5. Other adverse effects	
Effect on ozone layer	: None.
Effect on the global warming	: No known effects from this product.
SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	s
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.
SECTION 14: Transport information	
In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description (DOT)	: UN1978 Propane (see also Petroleum gases, liquefied [UN1075]), 2.1
UN-NO.(DOT)	: UN19/8
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Propane
	see also Petroleum gases, liquelled [UN1075]
Hazard labels (DOT)	· 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flaininable gas 49 CFR 173.115
	Patrimere ese
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	 19 - For domestic transportation only, the identification number UN1075 may be used in place of the identification number specified in column (4) of the 172.101 table. The identification number used must be consistent on package markings, shipping papers and emergency response information. T50 - When portable tank instruction T50 is referenced in Column (7) of the 172.101 Table, the applicable liquefied compressed gases are authorized to be transported in portable tanks in accordance with the requirements of 173.313 of this subchapter.
Additional information	
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 115 (UN1075)
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
Special transport precautions	: Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: - Ensure there is adequate ventilation Ensure that containers are firmly secured Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.
Transport by sea	
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1978
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: PROPANE
Class (IMDG)	: 2 - Gases
MFAG-No	: 115

EN (English US)

SDS ID: P-4646

7/10



Safety Data Sheet P-4646

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.Issue date: 01/01/1984Revision date: 02/07/2022Supersedes: 11/30/2021Version: 1.2

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA)	
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	
Class (IATA)	
Civil Aeronautics Law	

: PROPANE

: 1978

: 2 - Gases

: Gases under pressure/Gases flammable under pressure

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Propane (74-98-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

All components of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Propane (74-98-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Propane (74-98-6)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

15.2.2. National regulations

Propane (74-98-6)

- Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)
- Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)
- Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory
- Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)

Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

- Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
- Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

15.3. US State regulations		
Propane(74-98-6)		
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No	
State or local regulations	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	



SECTION 16: Other information

Propane

Safety Data Sheet P-4646 This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication. Revision date: 02/07/2022 Issue date: 01/01/1984 Supersedes: 11/30/2021 Version: 1.2

Other information	: When using this product in welding and cutting, read and understand the manufacturer's instructions and the precautionary label on the product. Ask your welding products supplier for a copy of Linde's free safety booklet, P-2035, Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting, and Heating, and for other manufacturers' safety publications. For a detailed treatment, get ANSI Z49.1, Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes, published by the American Welding Society (AWS), www.aws.org. Order AWS documents from Global Engineering Documents, global.ihs.com. Arcs and sparks can ignite combustible materials. Prevent fires. Refer to NFPA 51B, Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hotwork. Do not strike an arc on the container. The defect produced by an arc burn may lead to container rupture.
	Fumes and gases produced during welding and cutting processes can be dangerous to your health and may cause serious lung disease. KEEP YOUR HEAD OUT OF FUMES. DO NOT BREATHE FUMES AND GASES. Use enough ventilation, local exhaust, or both to keep fumes and gases from your breathing zone and the general area. Short-term overexposure to fumes may cause dizziness, nausea, and dryness or irritation of the nose, throat, and eyes; or may cause other similar discomfort. Contaminants in the air may add to the hazard of fumes and gases.
	When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.
	Linde asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.
	The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Linde Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Linde Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.
	Linde SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Linde or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.lindeus.com. If you have questions regarding Linde SDSs, would like the document number and date of the latest SDS, or would like the names of the Linde suppliers in your area, phone or write the Linde Call Center (Phone: 1-844-44-Linde (1-844-445-4633); Address: Linde Call Center, Linde Inc, P.O. Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).
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Revision date	: 02/07/2022
NFPA health hazard :	2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
NFPA fire hazard :	4 - Materials that rapidly or completely vaporize at atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or that are readily dispersed in air and burn readily.
NFPA instability :	0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.

EN (English US)

SDS ID: P-4646

9/10



Propane Safety Data Sheet P-4646

This SDS conforms to U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 29 CFR 1910.1200, Hazard Communication.Issue date: 01/01/1984Revision date: 02/07/2022Supersedes: 11/30/2021Version: 1.2

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Linde 2022

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.